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(Received 18 2015, accepted 8 a a 2016, first published online 18 2016)

Abstract e e e e e va, c a e a e c e ca a a e c e e
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1. Introduction
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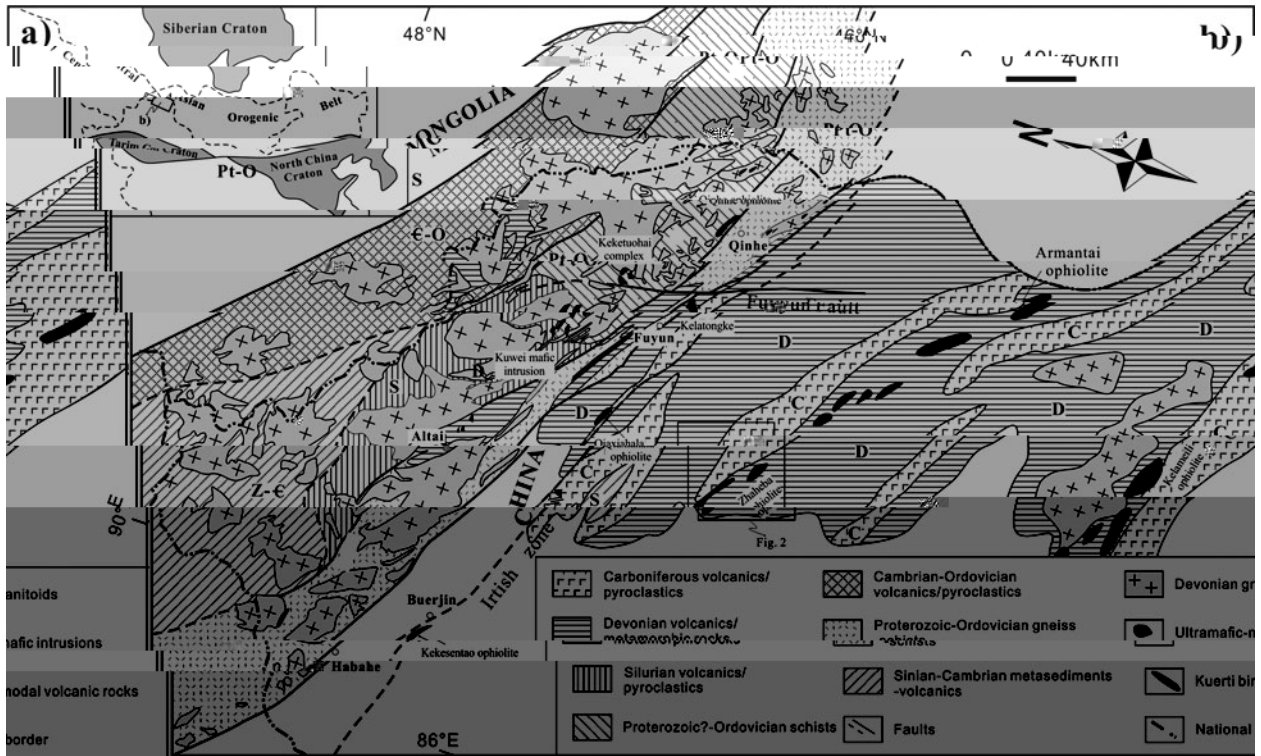


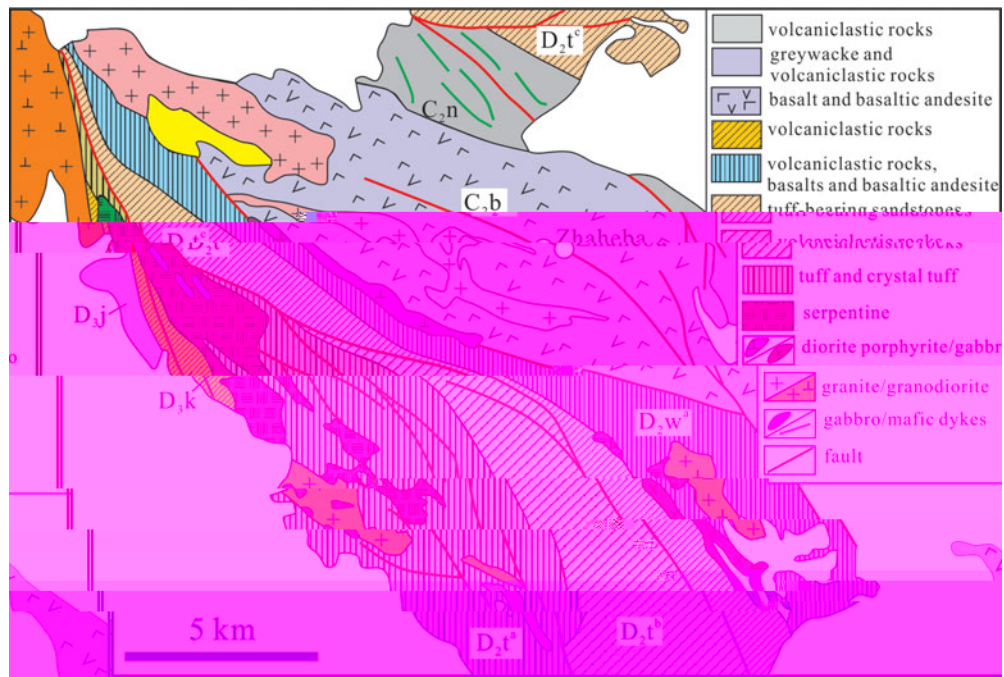
Fig. 1. (a) Geological map of the Altai region in Mongolia and northern China, showing the distribution of various geological units and faults. The map includes a scale bar (0-100 km) and a north arrow. Coordinates 48°N, 90°E, and 86°E are marked. (b) Detailed view of the Fuyun area, showing the Fuyun fault and surrounding geological units. The legend identifies various geological units and symbols used on the map.

The Altai region is a tectonically complex area characterized by the collision of the Siberian Craton and the North China Craton. The geological units are primarily of Proterozoic to Devonian age. The map shows a series of faults, including the Fuyun fault, which is a major tectonic feature. The distribution of volcanic and sedimentary rocks is closely related to the tectonic evolution of the region. The legend provides a key to the various geological units and symbols used on the map.

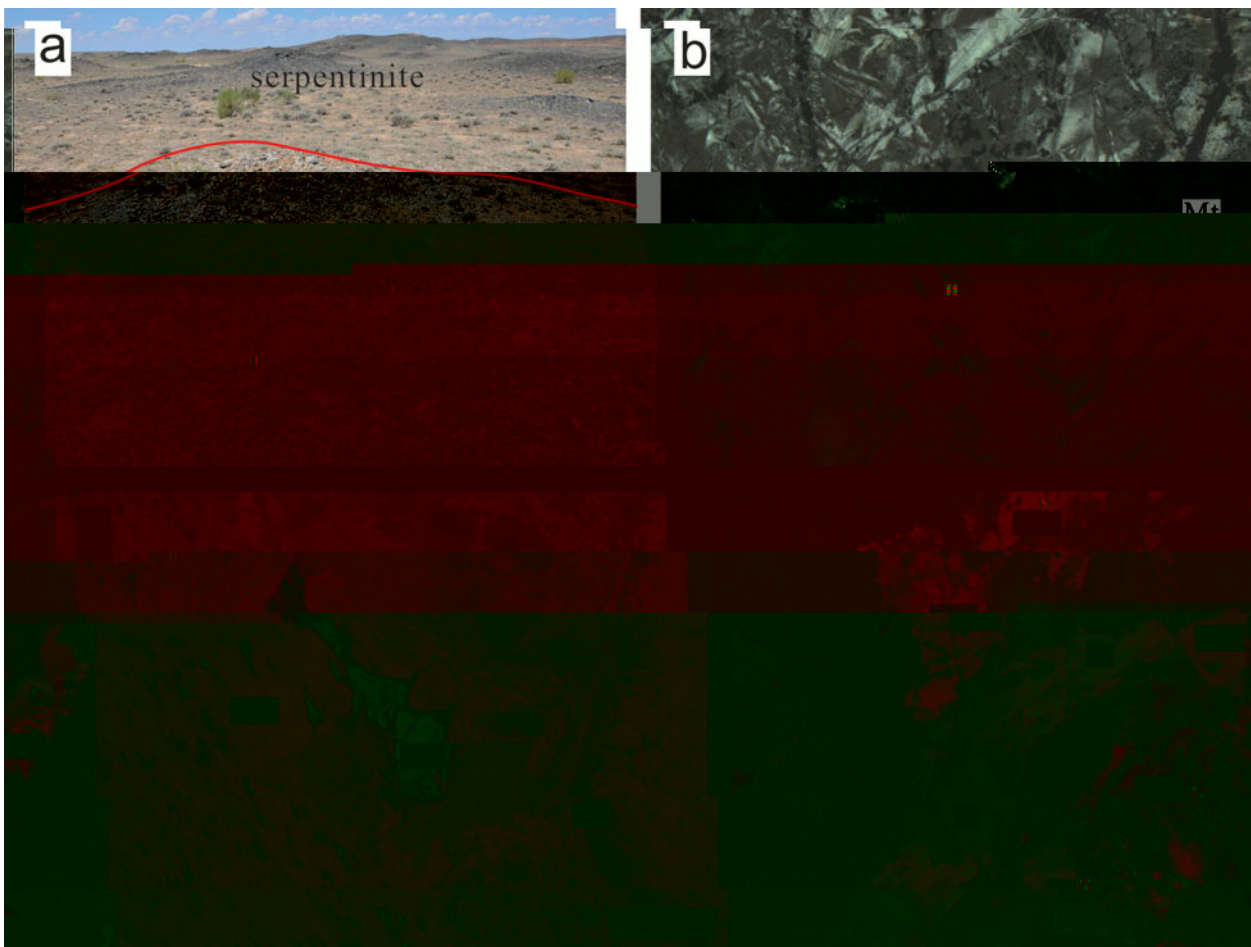
2. Results and Discussion

The geological map shows a complex tectonic setting with various geological units and faults. The distribution of these units is related to the collision of the Siberian Craton and the North China Craton. The map includes a scale bar (0-100 km) and a north arrow. Coordinates 48°N, 90°E, and 86°E are marked. The legend identifies various geological units and symbols used on the map.

The Altai region is a tectonically complex area characterized by the collision of the Siberian Craton and the North China Craton. The geological units are primarily of Proterozoic to Devonian age. The map shows a series of faults, including the Fuyun fault, which is a major tectonic feature. The distribution of volcanic and sedimentary rocks is closely related to the tectonic evolution of the region. The legend provides a key to the various geological units and symbols used on the map.



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(*et al.* 2013). c e c a a e e
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3.b. M a a a

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4. A a ca

4.a. Z c U Pb a

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57) c e / a a 0.4
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	a e c e	2013	01-1	2013	01-3	2013	01-4	2013	01-5	2013	01-6	2013	01-7	2013	01-8	2013	01-1	2013	01-2	2013	01-4		
										<i>Major elements (%)</i>													
2		38.70		48.20		3.41		38.62		3.22		3.82		3.05		47.22		46.48		51.27			
2		0.05		0.20		0.05		0.05		0.04		0.05		0.04		0.14		0.12		0.27			
2 3		0.61		1.6		1.04		0.67		0.0		0.74		0.0		18.28		1.64		1.33			
e2 3		8.44		4.68		7.87		.36		7.57		7.16		7.84		3.67		3.24		3.8			
		0.08		0.10		0.11		0.11		0.11		0.0		0.11		0.08		0.07		0.08			
		38.21		24.5		38.82		37.8		3.0		3.31		38.44		10.04		.03		5.8			

a e l.		e																													
a	e	2013	01	5	2013	01	6	2013	01	7	2013	01	8	2013	01	2013	03	2	2013	03	3	2013	03	4	2013	03	5	2013	01	3	
c	e					(1)			(1)			(1)			(1)			(1)			(1)			(2)
a		3.	7		1.20	3	.60	46.	70	47.	30	23.	40	43.	00	25.	20	32.	0	6.56											

a e l. e		2013	01 11	2013	02 1	2013	02 2	2013	03 1	2013	03 6	2013	01 10	04 06	04 24	04 2	03 17
a	e	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
<i>Trace elements (ppm)</i>																	
e		1.4		36.		42.4		26.0		32.4		17.		/	/	/	/
c		0.35		0.153		0.358		1.18		0.47		0.468		/	/	/	/
		32.5		33.2		34.5		25.1		26.3		32.1		13.4	20.5	17.7	20.3
		1.4		203		217		337		341		1.5		144	184	214	265
		56.5		44.2		47.8		1.8		22.2		53.8		158	162	214	265
		34.7		37.5		38.3		23.1		24.8		33.8		20.6	30.	28.	20.2
		66.4		84.6		76.4		25.4		27.1		66.6		8.1	114	75.5	7.02
		6.4		236.4		256.7		205.4		208.		114.20		/	/	/	/
		48.0		44.1		4.0		4.		103		44.1		/	/	/	/
a		12.0		11.1		11.2		14.7		13.6		12.0		/	/	/	/
		0.58		1.420		1.070		3.130		3.270		0.583		4.	18.1	22.0	17.2
		71		1750		5		270		24		686		71	831	1118	776
		13.0		13.0		13.2		21.1		22.		12.5		13.2	13.2	14.7	20.1
		54.		42.3		41.5		144		154		52.8		243	133	164	151
		1.2		0.847		0.855		11.315		11.85		1.257		20.2	12.7	21.	12.2
		0.025		0.030		0.027		0.051		0.052		0.028		/	/	/	/
		0.381		0.286		0.328		1.560		1.450		0.360		/	/	/	/
		0.288		1.720		1.030		0.365		0.406		0.336		/	/	/	/
a		117		372		346		825		507		84.3		/	/	/	/
a		10.70		7.840		7.610		26.40		26.80		10.50		30.6	32.2	40.1	26.4
e		23.00		18.0		18.40		51.50		54.70		22.30		57.8	62.	82.3	52.5
		2.770		2.520		2.510		5.750		6.180		2.670		6.7	7.84	10.5	6.4
		11.80		11.70		11.60		22.30		24.30		11.60		27.5	31.2	43.1	24.4
		2.540		2.700		2.60		4.40		4.700		2.370		4.5	5.28	6.8	4.85
		0.86		0.18		0.70		1.163		1.257		0.883		1.45	1.58	2.07	1.03
		2.480		2.813		2.754		4.14		4.46		2.522		3.56	4.01	5.35	4.23
		0.36		0.38		0.37		0.612		0.660		0.384		0.4	0.54	0.64	0.63
		2.180		2.150		2.220		3.420		3.680		2.130		2.57	2.77	3.24	3.75
		0.468		0.446		0.444		0.728		0.75		0.468		0.4	0.52	0.5	0.78
		1.350		1.230		1.240		2.120		2.20		1.310		1.32	1.37	1.45	2.25
		0.10		0.16		0.175		0.304		0.328		0.14		0.1	0.2	0.2	0.34
		1.210		1.050		1.120		1.60		2.110		1.210		1.25	1.23	1.24	2.13
		0.174		0.164		0.165		0.21		0.323		0.173		0.20	0.17	0.17	0.34
		1.30		0.41		1.040		3.20		3.510		1.460		5.37	3.27	4.16	3.72
a		0.084		0.062		0.051		0.57		0.644		0.07		1.35	0.68	1.16	0.68
		0.151		2.0		1.50		2.75		1.88		0.33		/	/	/	/
		0.34		0.206		0.200		45.20		35.10		0.417		8.13	8.07	4.18	21.06
		1.0		0.717		0.717		8.860		.20		1.80		4.50	2.63	3.20	.41
		0.500		0.304		0.302		2.830		3.480		0.501		1.7	0.67	1.46	2.5

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4.b. M a c

4.b.1. Spinel composition

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4.b.2. Pyroxene compositions

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4.c. W - c a c

4.c.1. Serpentinites and cumulates

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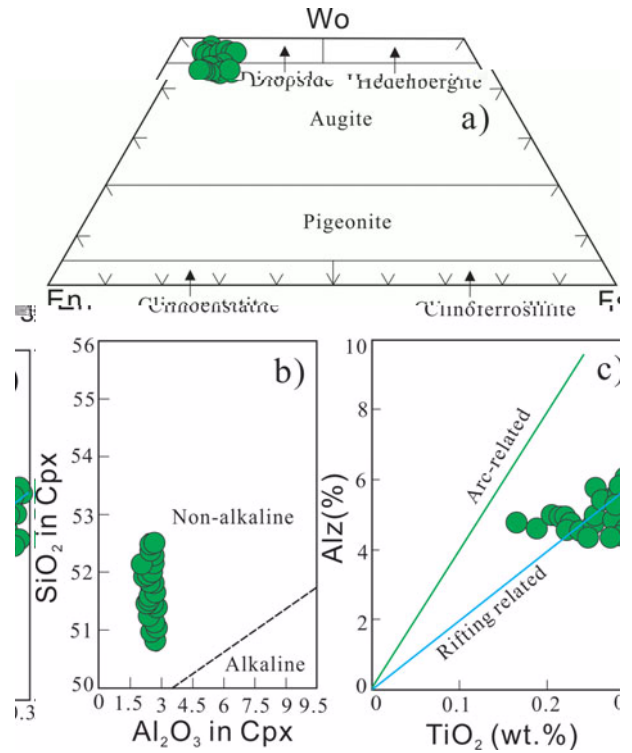


Fig. 5. (a) Ternary diagram of Wo, En, and Fs. (b) Scatter plot of SiO₂ in Cpx versus Al₂O₃ in Cpx. (c) Scatter plot of Al₂O₃ versus TiO₂ (wt.%) with Arc-related and Rifting related lines.

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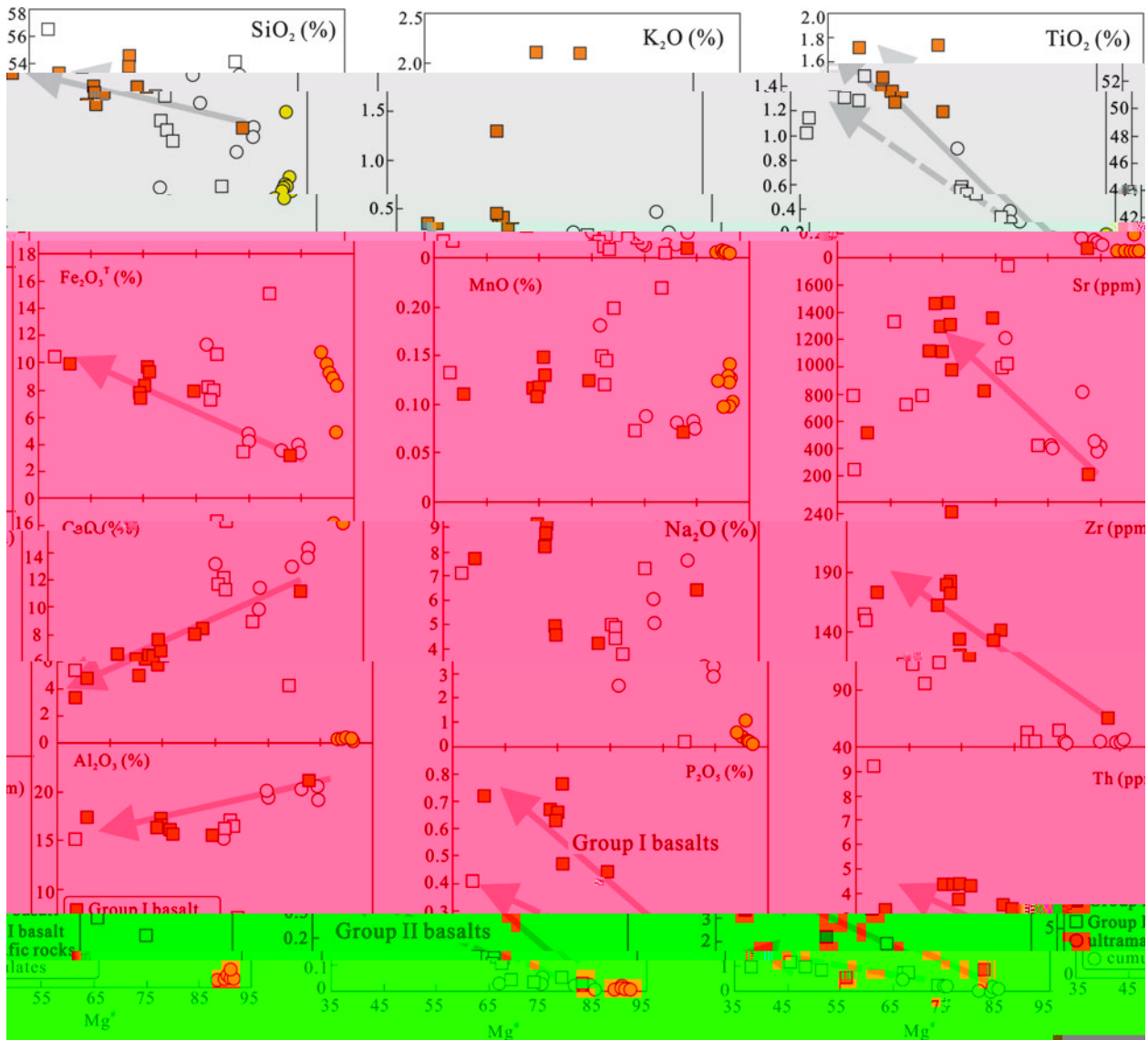


Fig. 6. (a) SiO₂ vs. K₂O, (b) SiO₂ vs. TiO₂, (c) Fe₂O₃^T vs. MnO, (d) Sr vs. Zr, (e) Cs vs. Na₂O, (f) Al₂O₃ vs. P₂O₅, (g) Th vs. Zr. Data are from Group I basalts (red squares) and Group II basalts (green circles). Arrows indicate trends for Group I basalts. The legend at the bottom identifies Group I basalt, Group II basalts, ultramafic rocks, and cumulates.

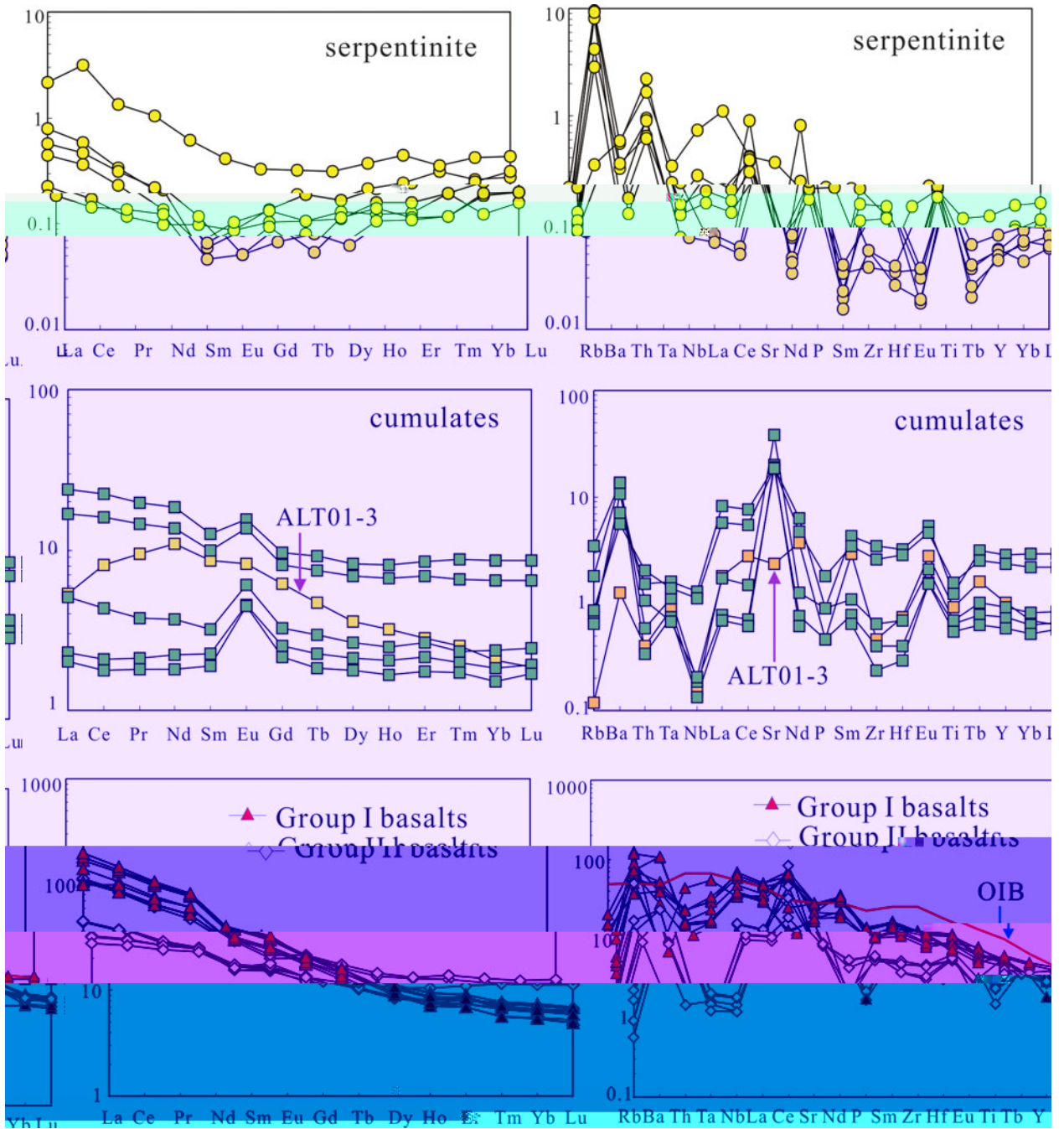
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4.c.2. Basalts

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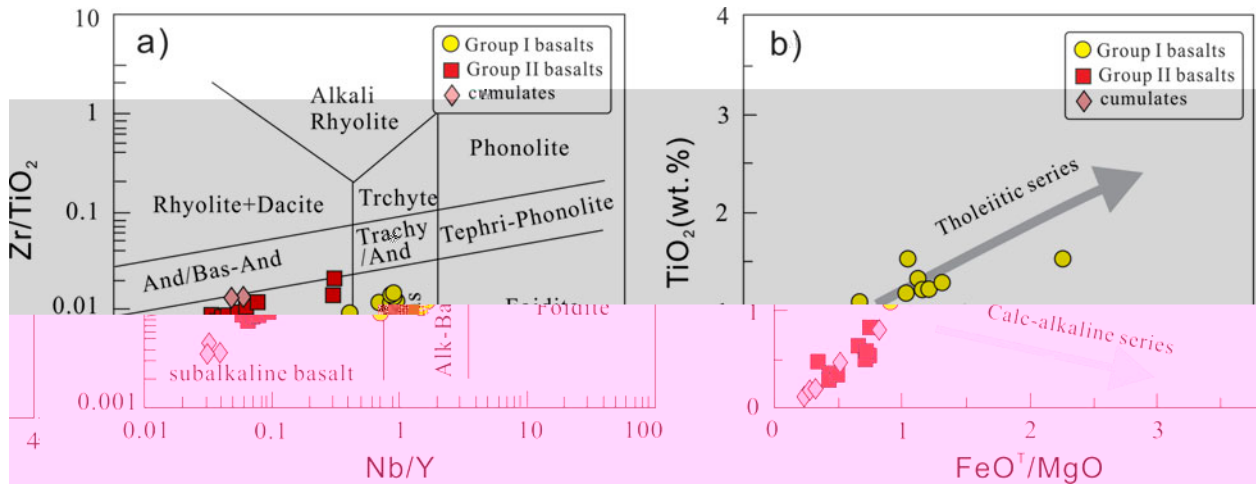


Figure 8. (a) Zr/TiO₂ vs Nb/Y and (b) TiO₂ (wt.%) vs FeO^T/MgO diagrams for Group I basalts (yellow circles), Group II basalts (red squares), and cumulates (red diamonds). The fields are defined after [14].

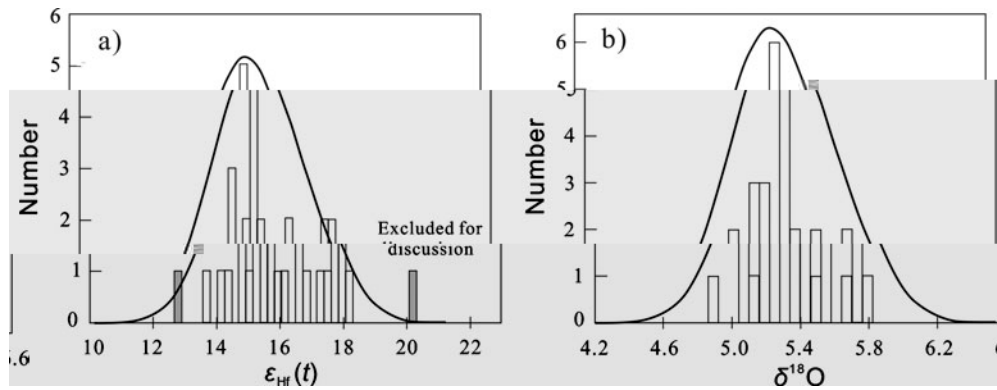


Figure 9. (a) Histogram of ε_{Hf}(t) and (b) histogram of δ¹⁸O. The shaded area in (a) represents samples excluded for discussion.

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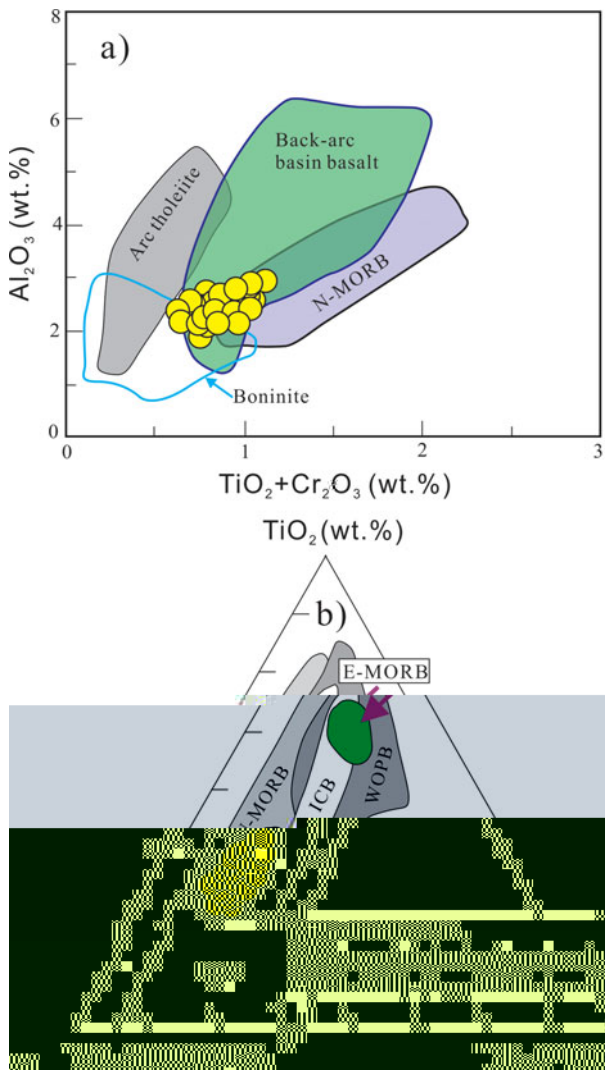


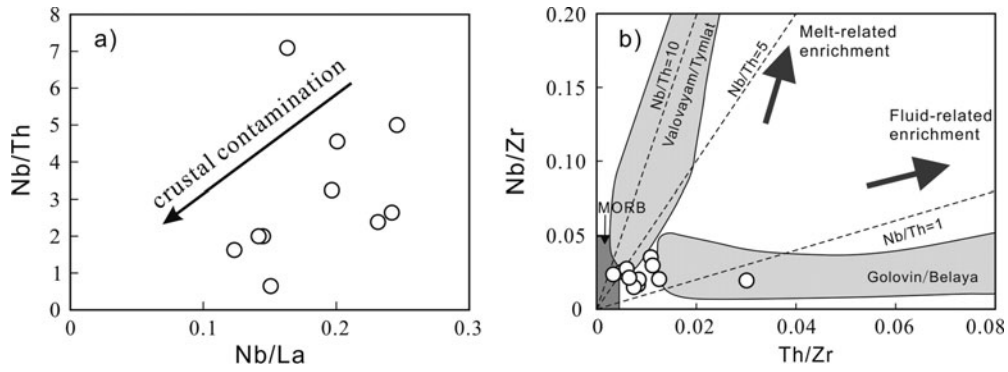
Fig. 11. (a) Al_2O_3 vs $TiO_2 + Cr_2O_3$ vs TiO_2 diagram for the Zhaheba ophiolite. The fields are defined after [Bonatti & Taylor \(1980\)](#) and [N-MORB](#) (after [N-MORB](#) field). The yellow circles represent the data for the Zhaheba ophiolite. (b) Tectonic diagram showing the fields for MORB, ICB, WOPB, and E-MORB. The green circle represents the data for the Zhaheba ophiolite.

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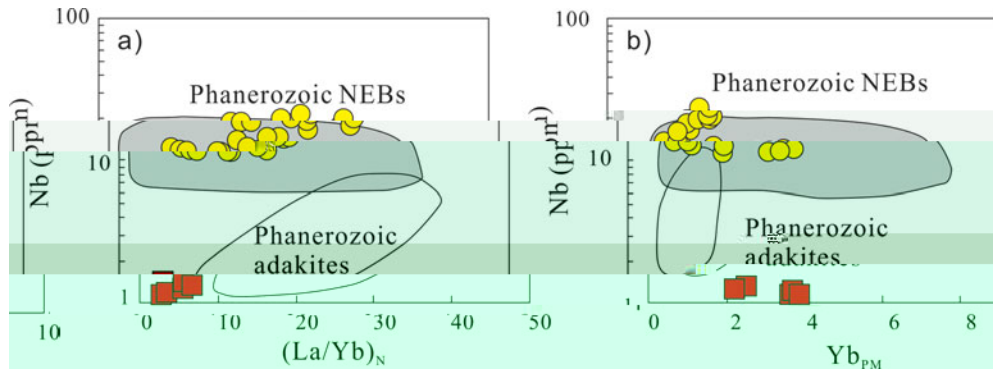
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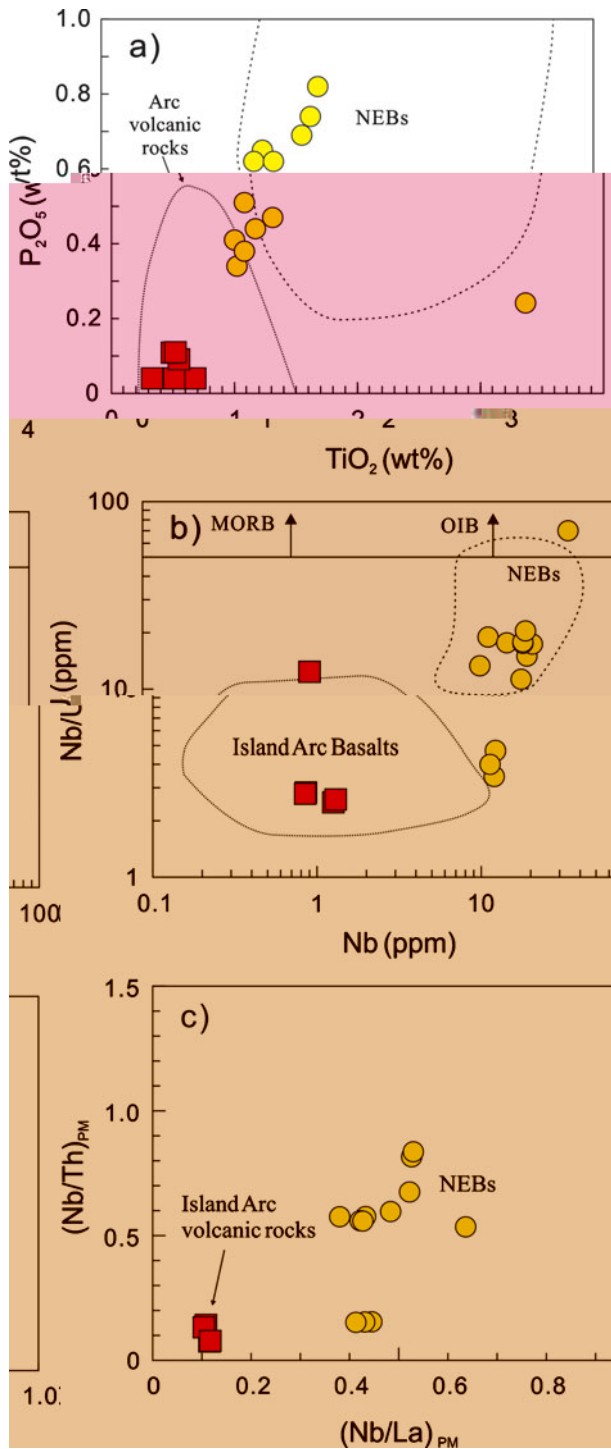


Fig. 14. (a) P₂O₅ vs TiO₂ (wt%), (b) Nb/La vs Nb (ppm), and (c) (Nb/Th)_{PM} vs (Nb/La)_{PM} for the Zhaheba ophiolite. The shaded regions represent the fields for Arc volcanic rocks (pink) and Island Arc Basalts (orange) from the literature (e.g., *et al.* (1995), *et al.* (2005)).

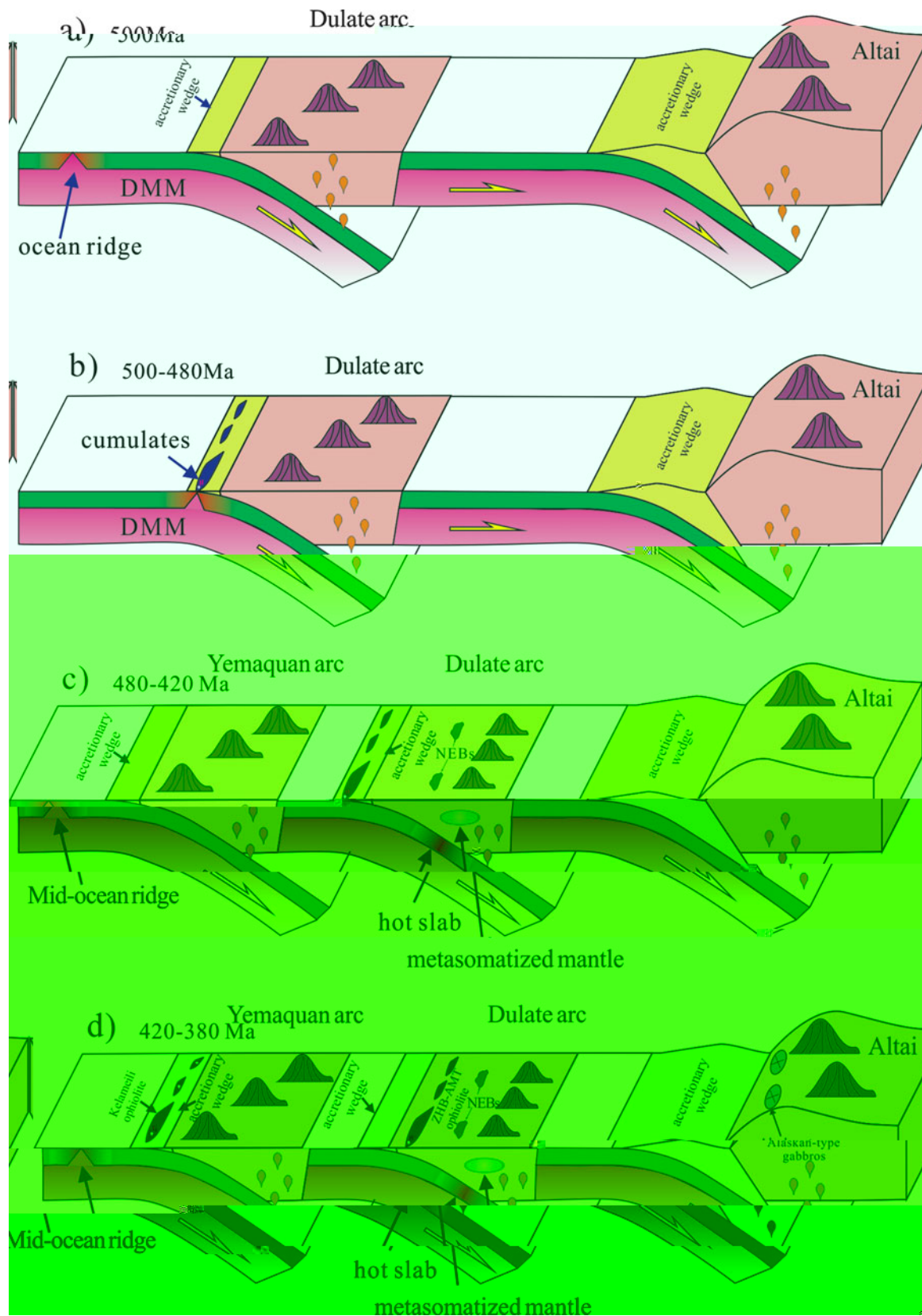
The Zhaheba ophiolite is a typical island arc ophiolite, as evidenced by its geochemical characteristics. The arc volcanic rocks (red squares) show high P₂O₅ and TiO₂ contents, consistent with their arc volcanic nature. The Island Arc Basalts (orange shaded region) are characterized by low Nb/La and Nb contents, which is typical for island arc basalts. The NEBs (yellow circles) show high Nb/La and Nb contents, indicating a different tectonic setting or a different stage of magmatic evolution.

The geochemical data for the Zhaheba ophiolite are consistent with an island arc tectonic setting. The arc volcanic rocks (red squares) show high P₂O₅ and TiO₂ contents, which is characteristic of arc volcanic rocks. The Island Arc Basalts (orange shaded region) are characterized by low Nb/La and Nb contents, which is typical for island arc basalts. The NEBs (yellow circles) show high Nb/La and Nb contents, indicating a different tectonic setting or a different stage of magmatic evolution.

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(1) The Zhaheba ophiolite is a typical island arc ophiolite, as evidenced by its geochemical characteristics. The arc volcanic rocks (red squares) show high P₂O₅ and TiO₂ contents, consistent with their arc volcanic nature. The Island Arc Basalts (orange shaded region) are characterized by low Nb/La and Nb contents, which is typical for island arc basalts. The NEBs (yellow circles) show high Nb/La and Nb contents, indicating a different tectonic setting or a different stage of magmatic evolution.

(2) The Zhaheba ophiolite is a typical island arc ophiolite, as evidenced by its geochemical characteristics. The arc volcanic rocks (red squares) show high P₂O₅ and TiO₂ contents, consistent with their arc volcanic nature. The Island Arc Basalts (orange shaded region) are characterized by low Nb/La and Nb contents, which is typical for island arc basalts. The NEBs (yellow circles) show high Nb/La and Nb contents, indicating a different tectonic setting or a different stage of magmatic evolution.



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